Probabilistic Methods Homework #1

Due: Thursday, October 17

Problem 1

Let \mathcal{F} be a family of n-element subsets containing fewer than $4^{n-1}/3^n$ sets, where $n \geq 4$. Prove that one can colour elements of these sets with **four** colours such that each of the colours appears in each set from \mathcal{F} .

Problem 2

Let k and n, where $k \leq n$, be natural numbers. Find an upper bound for the smallest number m = m(k, n) for which there exists a colouring of $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$ with m colours such that no non-trivial arithmetic progression of length k is monochromatic.